

Spirit of Jefferson

BENJAMIN F. BEALL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION IN ADVANCE: For One Year, \$3.00; For Six Months, 1.75; For Three Months, 1.00.

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WILL Practice in the Courts of Jefferson and adjoining Counties of Virginia and West Virginia. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to them.

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ISAAC FOLKE, Attorney at Law, CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA. Practices in the Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley and Morgan Counties, W. Virginia, and in those of Loudoun, Frederick and Clark Counties, Virginia; also in the United States District Court, at Washington, D. C.

WM. H. TRAVERS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA. Will practice in the District Courts of the United States for the District of West Virginia.

K. SHANNON TAYLOR, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA. Will practice in the several Courts of Virginia and West Virginia, and in the District Court of the United States at Washington, D. C.

DENTAL NOTICE. DR. J. F. HARTGROVE, Mechanical and Operative Dentist, 117 North Carolina Street, Jefferson City, Mo.

DENTAL NOTICE. DR. MCGORMICK will visit Charlestown, W. Va., on Monday, the 2nd of May, 1869.

RESIDENT DENTIST. DR. J. V. SIMMONS, BEING permanently located in Charlestown, Va., offers his services in every branch of his profession.

PROFESSIONAL CARD. DR. WARE, M. D., (T. H. BRUCE, M. D.) PRACTICING PHYSICIANS, LEETOWN, VIRGINIA.

PROFESSIONAL CARD. DR. C. T. RICHARDSON, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA.

PROFESSIONAL CARD. DR. JAS. G. WILSHIRE, OFFERS his services as a Physician and Surgeon, to the citizens in the vicinity of Duflin's Depot.

BALTIMORE CARDS. J. H. WINDSOR & CO., Wholesale Dealers in Hats, Caps & Straw Goods.

CHAS. M. CHRISTAIN, WITH Geo. W. B. Bartlett, SUCCESSOR TO R. HICKLEY & BRO., Dealer in Foreign & Domestic Hardware.

GEO. R. COFFROTH & CO., Commission and Wholesale Dealers in Tobacco, Snuffs & Cigars.

Maltby House, A. B. MILLER, PROPRIETOR, BALTIMORE, MD. July 20, 1869-17.

NEW GOODS. LADIES' DRESS GOODS of every variety—Plain and Striped Muslins, White Mullins, White Jaconets, etc.

REPAIRING of all kinds pertaining to my line, and a great many things not in my line, done at the lowest prices.

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VOL. 21. CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, JUNE 29, 1869. NO. 43.

BALTIMORE CARDS. GOLD MEDAL FOR 1867. Has just been awarded to CHARLES M. STIEFF.

STIEFF'S PIANOS have all the latest improvements, including the GRAFFLE TREBLE, Ivory Frame, and the Improved French Action.

Office and Warehouse No. 7 North Liberty Street, near Baltimore street, BALTIMORE, MD.

GREAT SALE! GREAT SALE OF CLOTHING. 5,000 PAIR OF PANTS from \$2 to \$6. 5,000 PAIR OF PANTS from \$2 to \$6.

OUR IMMENSE STOCK AT FANCY PRICES. Our Immense Stock of Clothing. Our Immense Stock of Clothing.

AT REDUCED PRICES. Remember the Goods must be Sold. Remember the Goods must be Sold.

AT MARBLE HALL. MARBLE HALL CLOTHING HOUSE. 1,000 BEST WHITE SHIRTS from \$2 to \$2.50.

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BENJAMIN F. BEALL, Editor. CHARLESTOWN, VA. Tuesday Morning, June 29, 1869.

A Fatal Plot Unfolded

The Donnelly McGuire Fight—Donnelly Strikes a Deadly Blow—The Marguerite Breaks Through the Ice and Escapes.

SYRACUSE, June 16. A terrible affair happened on the banks of Cayuga Lake, near the village of Syracuse, on Saturday, June 12, 1869.

In the second round McGuire gave Donnelly a terrific upper cut, and Donnelly returned by knocking McGuire into his corner.

In the third round Donnelly forced the fighting McGuire away from him and was finally knocked through the ropes.

The fourth round opened with signs of fatigue on the part of McGuire. Donnelly punished him severely.

The fifth round opened with the closing of one Donnelly's eyes. McGuire closed with him, and the fight was over.

THE KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS is the title of an order which is making great headway in all parts of the United States.

—The Association of Medical Superintendents of American Institutions for the Insane met in the rooms of the Hotel in Staunton, on Tuesday 15th inst.

—Hon. James L. Collins, United States designated deputy at Santa Fe, New Mexico, was shot through the heart on the night of the 5th of June.

General Butler as a Lawyer—An Illustration of His Practices.

The Washington correspondent of the Rochester Chronicle closes a recent letter with the following story:

"The intricacies of law are freshly illustrated by a story of General Butler, which I have just heard.

He had appropriated funds of the bank to the amount of \$50,000. Part of this had been lost in stock speculations, and part was still invested in various speculative securities.

He asked whether he had not better own up, restore what he could, and let his bookmaker make the best of his case.

He would assure them that they could not possess the bank and its contents and come upon the bookmaker also.

Some months after this there came to the Doctor's study a pale, thin, melancholy-looking man; who, after much painful hesitation, expressed a desire to make a confession of sin.

"What is it possible? What can you have done?" "You are a respectable man and a church member," replied the Doctor, in seeming surprise.

"Yes, indeed the church thirty years ago," replied the old farmer, then sinking his voice to a mournful whisper, he continued: "But I'm a dreadful sinner, for all that, Doctor."

"Pray tell me your trouble, brother," "Well, Doctor, it concerns you."

POETICAL. THE BLESSED LAND.

There's beautiful land no mortal has seen, Whose light is the smile of our God;

These frost never withers the flowers with its light, And serene never ceases their blossoming bloom.

Dear life that vanished soon from our gaze, Sweet lips that were hushed with a prayer, And we miss from our anthems of praise, Will all be restored to us there.

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The Fight Between the Alabama and Hatteras of Galveston.

Our readers generally will be interested in the account of the fight between the Alabama, Captain Semmes, himself Captain of the Alabama, of the fight between that vessel and the Hatteras of Galveston, Sunday evening, January 17, 1863.

The Alabama had gone around near this port, in the hope of destroying Gen. Banks' expedition, which was expected to rendezvous here in January, 1863.

We give the rest as told by the Admiral in his book, "The Sumpter and the Alabama": "The Alabama was still under sail, though of course, being so near the enemy, the water was still warm in the boilers, and in a condition to get up steam in ten minutes.

In the meantime night set in before we could get a distinct view of our pursuer. She was a large vessel, but we knew from her hull and rig, that she belonged neither to the same class of old steam frigates nor to the new sloops, and we were quite willing to try our strength with any of the other class.

At length, when I judged that I had drawn the stranger out about twenty miles from his fleet, I fired my sails, beat my quarters, and prepared my ship for action, and awaited to meet him.

The stranger now approached each other rapidly. As we came within speaking distance we simultaneously stopped our engines, the ships being about one hundred yards apart.

"What ship is that?" cried he. "This is the British Majesty's steamer, Federal," we replied. "We are in turn and demanded to know who he was.

"This is the United States ship—," the name of the ship being lost to us. But we heard enough. All we wanted to know was that the stranger was a United States ship, and that we were to meet him.

"Pray tell me your trouble, brother," "Well, Doctor, it concerns you."

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One Square, Three Lines, One Week, 50 Cts. One Square, One Month, 1.50. One Square, Three Months, 4.00. One Square, Six Months, 7.00. One Square, One Year, 12.00.

A Beautiful Experiment.

The following recipe will prevent effects that will astonish any one who has observed the experiment. We beg our lady readers to try it, assured as we are, that they will be delighted with the elegant results of their attempt.

Disolve eighteen ounces of pure alumina in a quart of soft spring water (observe proportion for a greater or less quantity), by boiling gently in a tinued vessel over a moderate fire, keeping it stirred with a wooden spatula until the solution is complete.

Among the vegetable specimens that may be operated on, are the moss roses of the garden, ears of corn, especially millet seed and the bearded wheat berries of the holy, fresh from the slow bark, the hyacinth, pink, furs, blossoms, ranunculus, garden daisy, and a great variety of others; in fact, there are few subjects in the vegetable world that are not eligible to this mode of preservation.

It is the great deceiver of nations, promising health and life, yet destroying more by its tendencies than war, famine or the plague. It is a sweet morsel in the mouth, but gravel in the stomach.

It is the A B C of drinking, the picture book leading the young and thoughtless to the worst lessons of intemperance. It is a regular quack medicine, making splendid promises, but performing no cures, and yet demanding enormous pay.

It is a beautiful serpent, whose fangs and deadly venom are concealed by the dazzling of its coils. It is hypocritical personified, and effected outside sobriety while all its agitation and uncleanness within.

It is the ladder's birding, by which he secures his victim and fastens them in a cage. It is the entrance to delightful arenas, lined with bewitching sounds, but ending in the caverns of the dead.

It is an ignis fatuus, tempting its fated followers over trembling bogs, and tumbling them down a frightful precipice. It is a whirlpool of ruin in which thousands have sunk to rest no more.

It appears as an angel of light, assuming a smiling countenance, but it is in reality a demon of the bottomless pit.

It is like a perpetual dropper, injuring man's constitution far more than occasional drunkenness. It is the birth-day and birth-place of all the drunkenness we have in the land.

It provides an army of reserve to recruit the ranks of the 60,000 annually destroyed by strong drink.

Diameter of a Circular Saw. The Floyd County, Iowa, Advocate in a recent number, relates the following instance of the pursuit of knowledge under difficulties:

Last Monday, a German called at Goodhue, Andrews & Co.'s saw-mill, to gaze in wonder at the various and complicated machinery.

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BENJAMIN F. BRALL, Editor.
CHARLESTON, VA.
Tuesday Morning, June 29, 1869.

JUDGE APPOINTED.

The Governor yesterday appointed Hon. Joseph T. Hoke, of Berkeley county, to be Judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit, vice James P. Smith, resigned.—*Whiting Register, June 25th.*

To what is the Judiciary of our State tending when such nomenclature as Joe Hoke and James P. Smith, and some others we could name, are made judges?

Joe Hoke, Judge! Whew! Wont somebody out Stevenson for the simple. In old times men learned in the law were usually chosen for the bench. Now the rule is just the reverse. Men are made Judges because they are not learned in the law. Generally none but miserable party tools are placed in that honorable position. That we have no doubt is the only reason why Hoke was appointed in Smith's place. He is no lawyer. That fact, every honest member of the bar where he has been seeking practice can testify to. He is noted for nothing save his slick, stove-pipe hat, and a brainless head underneath it. He has taken no position at the bar in Berkeley county, where to be a radical was almost sure to make any man who had brains rise in his profession. Yet this man is taken from the field, where, it is supposed, men fit to be judges would be wanted at the bar, and transplanted in another Circuit, to wield for a time the judicial destinies of a people who have not, so far as we know, so good a lawyer in their midst.

God help the people of the Fifth Circuit if Hoke accepts; and we are sure he will, for he can't make \$1,800 any other way, unless another Steinmetz case turns up. Stevenson must have been looking through Lord Ross' great telescope right into Hoke's head, at the other end, if ever he saw brains enough there to tell John Doe from Richard Roe, unless John was a Rebel and Richard "Loil."

If we must have loyal men only on the bench, and they are to be chosen because they live out of the circuit where they are expected to officiate, why did not Stevenson appoint James B. Ferguson, who, with all his faults, is by far the ablest man of the Radical party in West Virginia, and would not, for want of brains, or legal attainments, disgrace the office.

On a par with this appointment are those made by the Governor to compose our new Board of Registration—Underwood, Traynor and Turner.

There is not much of the *vox populi* about this.

THE PROSPECT IN VIRGINIA.

Accounts from various parts of Virginia are very favorable to the Conservative cause. The people everywhere seem to be warming up to the work; and the indications are that Walker will be elected Governor of the State, and the expurgated Constitution adopted beyond doubt. An editorial in the Richmond *Whig* states that the registration of negroes this year shows only one-half of the number registered last year, namely, three thousand in that city. The question resulting therefrom is: "Was this fraudulent registration in the first place, or have the voters actually diminished by removal or death?" At any rate, it appears that the Conservatives will carry Richmond, with Henrico attached, and that will probably give them the Legislature.

PENNSYLVANIA POLITICS.

There is to be an election for Governor in Pennsylvania this fall, and already the contest is beginning to excite attention in every quarter. The Radical State Convention, which met in Philadelphia on Wednesday last, re-nominated Hans Geary, the present incumbent, and the famous hero of Snickersville, for Governor, without any show of opposition. Geary is a many dog in politics, as he was a foolish blunderer in military life. No man in the Federal service in the late war—except, perhaps, Butler, who is a worthy counterpart—burned more useless powder than this same Pennsylvania Governor. It was he who marched from Harper's Ferry to Berryville, distance of twenty miles, in 1863, shelling the woods on either side of the road, the whole distance, to disperse the rebels, as he said, when there was not an armed force within thirty miles of him. This latter fact, he was well aware of, or he never would have ventured so far from his base. On the same march, he ordered or permitted his men to plunder the citizens and unprotected females in this town, as was the case particularly at the Sappington Hotel, where the buttered rolls were stolen from the plates of the lady-borders, and the steak from the dripping pan on the kitchen stove. This was one of Geary's most heroic feats, during the four years of war, in which he rose to the rank of Major General, and for which, and other equally sublime performances, he has been made Governor of Pennsylvania, and is now a candidate for re-election. Verily, the radical party of the Keystone State is hard run for gubernatorial times when Hans Geary is allowed two chances!

THE CABINET.

The Cabinet of President Grant is peeling off. Mr. Bore, the rich Philadelphian, who helped to buy Grant's house, and who was rewarded therefor with the portfolio of the Navy Department, threw up his commission last week, and retired to private life. He is succeeded by Mr. George M. Robeson of New Jersey. We have never heard of this gentleman before, but suppose his name may be found among the list of contributors to the great Grant fund.

In the suit of Abell & Co., of the Baltimore Sun, vs. the Chesapeake Bank, to recover \$3,000 in gold deposited in 1861, the jury rendered a verdict, awarding the plaintiffs \$3,000 in gold, with \$600.50 interest, also in gold.

EQUALITY.

It is seldom that so much sound sense, telling against its own pet doctrine, is allowed to reach the world from such a source as the following from the editorial columns of the Chicago *Tribune*: "Some ill-advised people in Washington are endeavoring to procure a city ordinance compelling the hotels of that city to accommodate colored guests on the same terms and at the same tables as white, or forfeit their license. An ordinance has already been passed providing for annulling the license of theaters unless they shall seat negroes and whites without distinction on account of color. So far from being democratic, or in accordance with the principles of equality, such attempts are as flagrantly at war with equality of right as they are with polite, or better colored guests at a hotel or in a theatre are the other guests or attendants and the proprietor. Nineteen-twentieths of these would be white under any circumstances, and the effect of such a measure is to enable one black man or woman to force his or her company upon nineteen white men or women who do not desire it. Displacing the nineteen to please the one, in a matter of mere association and taste, is not equality, but the grossest inequality. Hotels and theaters are not public offices or government institutions. They are not supported by taxes, like free schools, nor do they enjoy any legislative monopoly like railroads. They exist for the amusement and pleasure of the public. The only function the government has in relation to them is to preserve order, and to regulate the class of people who shall go to them. If government had the power by an ordinance to compel these places to admit people of color, it must have the power to exclude them, and the effect of raising the question generally would be to cause them to be excluded altogether from the theaters and hotels, into certain parts of which, and within certain restrictions, they are now admitted." With all its willful blindness the great Radical oracle of the North-west is forced to see, what our own impracticables are unable to see, that civil equality before the law and social equality are as dissimilar as any two things can possibly be.

At Charlottesville, Virginia, one family seems to have monopolized the offices. The love of holding office sometimes runs in families, as for instance, President Grant's, but all are not so fortunate. The Chapline family of Charlottesville, however, seems to be an exception. There are Joseph A. Chapline, Judge of the Circuit Court; J. Thomas Chapline, Clerk of the Circuit Court; J. Thomas Chapline, Deputy Sheriff; Isaac Chapline, sr., Assessor; Little Josie Chapline, clerk in Post-office. This family appears to be pretty well provided for, and of having a large faculty of nosing out places of honor and emolument. Would it not be advisable for President Grant to marry some of his relations into it. The cross would be admirable—may, beyond all competition.—*Memphis (Tenn.) Avalanche.*

[The above paragraph is correct only in part. So far as the office holding of the Chapline family is concerned, it is true to the letter, but in behalf of Charlottesville we beg leave to state that the family doesn't belong here. They are all inhabitants of the present county seat of Jefferson, the romantic village of Shepherdstown. We like the suggestion of the *Avalanche* in regard to the President sending up some of his tin snarred relations (if he has any left) to cross on this family. We think the *loyal* of this county deserve to be crossed with the *royal* of the government.]

The National *Intelligencer* reviews, editorially, the recent decision of Attorney-General Hoar in the Weaver case. It makes the point, and proves it, too, that every branch of the Government has admitted that the war, and with it the rebellion, "legally ended in Texas at the time of the President's proclamation in August, 1866. It then says: "If the rebellion ended in August, 1866, it is simply amusing, if it were not a question of life and death, to hear the pretence set up that the war still existed in September, 1868. Yet this is the reason, and the only reason, given by Mr. Hoar to sustain the legality of the military commission under which Weaver has been sentenced to be hung. We confess to a feeling of pity for Mr. Hoar. We are sorry to see such an opinion emanate from the office of the Attorney General of the United States." The *Intelligencer* should not criticize Mr. Hoar's opinion so severely. It was probably as good as could have been manufactured from the material on hand to suit the circumstances, and seems to answer its purpose very well. The *Intelligencer's* pity is sadly misplaced. It is not every Attorney-General who would do such a job of work at all, and when one is found so ready to serve his party in any emergency, he really merits—not pity, but contempt.

END OF A HUMBUG.—The millennium has lately come to a close in the Boston Coliseum, says the *Baltimore Statesman*, and if the lion and the lamb did not lie down together, grating on to each other, it was owing to excessive modesty, came nearly dying down at full length with the rest of the peaceful and happy family in the Zoological Garden. The wags have had their own fun out of the grotesque exhibition, which, one account says, was to be opened by prayer by four thousand clergymen, each selected, it is to be supposed, on account of the size of his nasal organ. The pride of Boston in the Coliseum is not, however, to be put down by any profane gibes and jeers of this sort. It is almost as much a boast as the Bunker Hill Monument, and deserves to be. Perhaps no city in the world can boast two structures commemorative of exactly antagonistic achievements, one being raised to celebrate the triumph of the cause of self-government and the other its overthrow.

After weeks of investigation and the taking of much testimony, it is given out that there is not sufficient ground upon which to base articles of impeachment against Dick Busted, of Alabama. The main charge against him was that he had received gifts and bribes, and it looks very much as if the case was so similar to that of Grant's that it is through ventilation would not affect Mister Busted alone, but might establish a dangerous precedent which would not be pleasant to those in higher positions.

A Wedding Troubadour.

The children of ordinary men, however meritorious their lives may be born, marry, and die, without the public being any the wiser, but let the daughter of an ex-President whisper "yes" to a favored swain, and the important fact is at once told to a curious world.

Everybody has heard of the handsome widow of ex-President Tyler, whose arms and neck are still beautiful models for an artist, and everybody has heard of her daughter, Miss Julia. Late newspaper notices have made us aware that the young lady has openly avowed her intention of exchanging the name of her illustrious parents for one not quite so distinguished.

It has already been announced that on Saturday, June 26, 1869, Miss Julia, daughter of the late ex-President John Tyler, and Mr. William H. Spencer, will be married in the Church of the Ascension, on Fifth Avenue, at 1 o'clock. Over a thousand invitations have been sent out, and among them was an invitation to us to look at the *trousseau* of the bride.

It was the especial request of Miss Julia that her rare and elegant dresses should not be subjected to the trying ordeal of passing under the eye of a newspaper reporter. We do not belong to that class, and therefore were favored by having the dainty garments placed, one by one, before our critical eye. The *trousseau* was prepared by Moschowitz & Russell, No. 6, Clinton Place, New York, and each article can be subjected to the most thorough examination, for artist hands fashioned them all.

BRIDAL DRESS.—The material of this dress is the richest corded white silk. Skirt trailing—very long, trimmed elaborately with ruffles of box plaiting, extending across the front width, in apron shape, and then falling in festoons down to the edge of the skirt. Square neck corsage, covered with puffed tulle, and vines trailing around the back in three festoons. Full tail of tulle, held up by wreath of orange-blossoms, with flowers partly buried beneath folds of snow. One cluster supplies the place of jewelry in front of corsage. Overskirt of tulle, puffed in front, each puff headed by orange vine and flowers, a bouquet looping the sides of tulle skirt, and vines trailing around the back in three festoons. Full tail of tulle, held up by wreath of orange-blossoms, with two trailing vines each a yard long.

SECOND DAY'S DRESS.—Delicate peach-blossom silk, skirt with very long trail, and perfectly plain. Waist high in the neck, and trimmed with vine of pink satin flowers, passing over the shoulders, forming point in the back, and extending in two rows to the belt in front—each flower having for its center a rich white satin button, narrow belt, with beautiful fan-shaped bows.

OTHER EVENING DRESSES.—One of rich blue silk partially attracted our attention, and having a large faculty of nosing out places of honor and emolument. Would it not be advisable for President Grant to marry some of his relations into it. The cross would be admirable—may, beyond all competition.—*Memphis (Tenn.) Avalanche.*

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From Lexington.

A detective Simi to investigate the lightning of Jesse Edwards.

LEXINGTON, VA., June 18, 1869. We have had a visit from a detective from General Canby's headquarters, who came up to ascertain the facts of the mobbing of the negro Jesse Edwards. It had been represented at headquarters "that no such person existed as Miss Susan Hite; that no rape and no murder had been committed, but that Jesse Edwards had been a very active politician, and was mobbed to prevent the negroes from registering." We would like to have the name of the miscreant who furnished that information. Does not General Canby owe it to this slandered people to give his name?

Your correspondent has heard a resume of the testimony against Edwards, and it is perfectly conclusive of his guilt, independent of his confession. The details are truly horrible. He nearly tore off her upper lip in stifling her cries while accomplishing his fiendish purpose, he then beat her to death with a rock which he held in his hand—fracturing her skull, beating in her nose and face, and hacking her in the most cruel manner. The bond made full confession of all these and other details, and details the day of his commitment to jail. It also appears that upon two occasions, not long before, he attempted to outrage negro girls. He was only eighteen years old, and of course not entitled to register or vote, and it is not known that he had shown any activity in politics. The miscreant, then, who attacked and murdered the poor girl, and who is now in jail, is a man who is not entitled to register or vote, and it is not known that he had shown any activity in politics. The miscreant, then, who attacked and murdered the poor girl, and who is now in jail, is a man who is not entitled to register or vote, and it is not known that he had shown any activity in politics.

Wells and his satellites will doubtless circulate this base falsehood in every negro cabin in the State, and will, of course, not let the poor wretch have a full account of the affair, which has been carried on by the press, by his detective. By-the-way, this gentleman does not seem to have tried to ascertain what were engaged in the hanging of Edwards. He doubtless concluded that it would be "love's labor lost" to do so. Perhaps a military commission may be convened; but there is an old saying that "teaching is before hanging," and as nobody seems to know who composed the mob, the "gentlemen in blue" would have a lively time making arrests and proving the charge, even to the satisfaction of the "Bureau of Military Justice." Your correspondent has heard, by-the-way, that the gentleman from headquarters, on receiving from our city a full account of the facts, did not hesitate to say that the mob did exactly right.

Libel Suit Decided.

One of the ablest and soundest Democratic papers received at this office is the Columbus (Ohio) *Crisis*. Some time ago it charged a Radical "purp" of that city with black-mailing, for which a suit for libel was instituted against its editors. We copy from the *Crisis* the result of the suit, as follows:—

In Common Pleas Court, Judge Green presiding, last week, the case of H. T. Chittenden against Wm. T. Wright & Co.—an action to recover damages for an alleged libel printed in the *Crisis*—was finally disposed of and dismissed at the cost of the plaintiff. The defendant and attorneys of citizens—Upon this allegation suit was brought to recover damages in the sum of twenty thousand dollars. The defendants filed an answer, pleading justification; and asserting still more damaging charges, and to support this answer submitted a large number of witnesses. After several postponements, the case came up for trial on the 15th inst. The plaintiff's counsel dismissed the case at his plaintiff's cost. Thus another attempt to intimidate the press by menace of damages has ignominiously fizzled out, as ninety-nine out of every hundred of such cases do.

In May, 1866, a man left a package of Government bonds, to the value of \$21,000 with the Adams Express Company in Indianapolis, to be sent to himself at Waldron, a small town on the Cincinnati Railroad. He was not at the place to receive the bonds, and the agent, having made an ineffectual attempt to deliver them, deposited them in the hands of the post office. The package was opened, and the bonds were found to be safe. The private safe, in which the bonds had been placed, was broken open and robbed. The owner of the bonds sued the company to recover, but the Supreme Court of the State held that, as the consignee knew the circumstances of the company in the town, and was not to hand to receive the bonds when he knew they would arrive, the company was no longer responsible as a common carrier.

It is stated that Ulman's large distillery, in Baltimore county, Md., on the Washington Turnpike, a few miles from Baltimore city, has been sold by the U. S. Government. The sale includes buildings, machinery and apparatus, and about 2,000 barrels of whiskey, the value of which exceeds \$300,000. It is alleged that through connivance or neglect of the Government officers, until lately in charge of this distillery, every facility has been afforded the proprietors to perpetrate frauds upon the revenue, and that a large portion of the revenue laws regulating distilleries, and the imposition and collection of taxes on distilled spirits has been violated.

There is a house in Adamstown, in this county, that has a garret filled with black snakes, and the family residing in the house have not as yet, hit upon a plan by which to get rid of these horrible companions, as their den is fixed between the plastering and roof, and to remove them it would be necessary to tear down a portion of the house. How and when they gained entrance to the house is a mystery to every one. Some of the reptiles have been seen on the street floor on several occasions, but before a weapon to kill them could be obtained the snakes glided off to their secure retreat behind the plastering.

The British Postoffice has completed all its arrangements for the purchase of all lines of telegraph in the Kingdom, under the late acts of Parliament providing for such transfer. Every indication seems to declare that the measure will work in the most satisfactory manner. It will not only cheapen the cost of dispatches, but will facilitate their transmission, and will be a great benefit to the public and personal favorites. But the English land has always lived and had her being without the priceless boon of an Associated Press.

A Military commission is now in session in Mississippi, trying a citizen for an offence committed against another citizen. This is on the ground that "the war is not ended" at that State. Meanwhile Grant is attending the Boston Peace Jubilee and a thousand voices are joining in a jubilee chorus over the return of peace.

A Brass Band is about to be organized in Woodstock.

The Old War Horse—Extra Billy on the Stump.

The Frederickian News of the 17th says: "The first is bludgeoned. Governor Smith kindled a flame in Frederickburg on Tuesday night which will burn more and more widely until Wells & Co. are consumed. The old war-horse, his neck clothed in thunder, unheeded by the chronological error in age, with the vigor of forty and the wisdom of three score, leaped up the immense audience to a just retribution of this terrible crisis in Virginia's history. Invaded without cause or just provocation, overwhelmed by imported numbers, and conquered at last by starvation, it was our duty to do the best we could under the circumstances surrounding Congress, Grant, and Schofield, shrunk ahead at the abominations of the proposed Underwood constitution, and accorded us a chance to expurgate a portion of its enormities. Shall they be better to us than we are to ourselves? If they protest, shall not we?"

"He asks, 'the scawlegs, in comparison with whom 'rpet buggers were gentlemen, and declare 'we would trust the colored people before 'e would strike.' He praised their affection and devotion during the war. 'We must vote down the last-cash and disfranchising clauses, and get the Legislature (elect Kelly) and spare the Executive, who has the veto power.' Then the constitution will be emasculated. 'His venom and Wells promise' to leave Virginia. Feelings must not stir in the way of duty. I got mad until I got back into the saddle, and now we must conquer in 'contest, and we can do it.'"

A YOUTHFUL GENIUS.—The M. E. Church was crowded to excess during the morning and night services on last Sabbath to hear the powerful sermon by Rev. H. A. Holman, of Trinity Church, Baltimore. In the morning he preached the commencement sermon of the Wesleyan Female Institute; taking as his subject "Jesus of Nazareth." The subject at night was "The Gospel." Both sermons were fine specimens of rhetoric and were listened to with breathless attention by the audience. The Rev. Mr. Holman is an eloquent man, and believed that he never could be equalled. Mr. Holland has never done descriptive poetry; and swelling vein of poetry runs through his discourses; he is flowery and dramatic—graceful and distinct of enunciation, and yet, with all these, he displays much learning for one so young, being, we understand, but 24 years of age. Mr. Holman is a powerful man in argument, intellectual and metaphysical—his language is more forcible than beautiful; still he wins you over by his power and deep-lying research. Both are great pulpit orators and ornaments to the church they serve. Mr. Holland is a native of Kentucky, who may well call him one of her brilliant crown.—*Valley-Virginian.*

A NARROW ESCAPE.—Our old friend, Mr. William Danzer, walked into our sunset on Monday evening, carrying a small tobacco box under his arm, from which he proceeded to take a long puff, which he then stretched out on the floor, and fell full length on a small stick about two feet long, laid upon it, and he fell full length on it, and he had 10 rattles. Mr. Danzer then told us how he made the acquaintance of his snake-spacer. He and his son were bringing a load of posts from his wood lot at the foot of the South Mountain. As they came by the Cold Spring, about one mile from Black Rock, Mr. Danzer stepped on the snake, and he fell on the brink of the spring, and was about taking a drink therefrom without the aid of a cent when he felt something cold pressing against his chest. He sprang up and to his horror found that he had been lying on a rattle-snake. 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POETICAL.

DO YOU LOVE ME?

Do you love me? Tell the truth,
The deep meaning of that smile...

HUMOROUS.

Borrowing.

"My dear," said Mrs. Green to her husband
one morning, "the meal which we borrowed...

An Indian Name.

A lady taught for awhile in the mission school
of the Delaware Indians in Kansas.

Superfine Best Quality Ketchup.

"Superfine Best Quality Ketchup," was the answer.
That's a grand name," he said, laughing.

A Good ONE.—A young boy residing
at a half-dozen miles from this place...

A RICH COURTESY.—One evening as I
was sitting by Hetty, and had worked myself...

NOTICE.

HAVING determined to quit the Profession of
Medicine, I have on the 20th inst. would request...

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING purchased available tract of timber
land, and located a Saw-Mill upon it with a...

NOTICE.

HAVING determined to quit the Profession of
Medicine, I have on the 20th inst. would request...

MISCELLANEOUS.

Do the best

YOUNG MEN

BYRANT, STRATTON & SADDLER

SOUTHERN BUSINESS COLLEGE

The most complete and thoroughly equipped
College of Business in the country, and the only institution...

ACTUAL BUSINESS PRACTICE.

COURSE OF STUDY.

The curriculum of study and practice in this
Institution is the result of many years of experience...

STUDENTS

Can enter at anytime, as there are no vacation-
specific financial lectures to attend.

THE CELEBRATED

Officially adopted and used in our Institution,
and EMPHASIZED BY THE MARKET.

JUST PUBLISHED.

THE WRATH OF ELIZABETH, and other
Poems, Edited and in part composed by DANIEL...

JORDAN'S WHITESULPHUR SPRINGS.

THIS place will be opened on the 1st day of June
for the reception of Bathers, and every exertion...

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING purchased available tract of timber
land, and located a Saw-Mill upon it with a...

MARBLE WORKS.

CHARLESTOWN MARBLE WORKS.

DIETL & BRO

MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEAD & FOOT

in all its various branches, and all work in their
business. All orders promptly filled at the lowest...

ROSDALIS

ROSDALIS

FOR SALE AS USUAL BY H. B. ROSS, Charlestown.
September 1, 1889-19.

POULTERER'S FRIEND.

THE experience of the past season has enabled us
to improve our Poulterer's Friend to an extent...

NEW SPINNING & SUMMER GOODS.

TO the examination of which we respectfully solicit
a call from the many who we hope to get...

CLARKE COUNTY CLOTHING STORE.

Where will be found
Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,

SECOND SUPPLY!

I HAVE received my second supply of SPRING
AND SUMMER GOODS. My stock is very...

WOLLEN GOODS.

LINSEYS, FILLES AND PLAID,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND TWEEDS,

AGRICULTURAL AND HARDWARE

Jas. Law Hooff

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT
Consists of...

WOOD'S REAPER AND MOWER.

Separate or combined, with Self-Rake. These
machines are the best in use. Agent for Clarke and...

McCURDY & DUKE,

Foreign and Domestic Hardware,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND
MACHINERY, STOVES, FER-

OUR AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

TO the examination of which we respectfully solicit
a call from the many who we hope to get...

AMERICAN HOTEL,

THIS well-known Hotel has been entirely
renovated, and the new Frontage promises that...

THE SECOND ARRIVAL!

MRS. A. C. MITCHELL & CO. have just
received their Second Supply of
SUMMER MILLINERY.

NEW YORKER

SEYMOUR & MORGAN'S NEW YORK COM-
BINED REAPER AND MOWER, which we can...

MECHANICAL.

McKnight & Bro.

STEAM, PLUMBING & SASH FACTORY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

THE undersigned now have their Factory in full
operation, and manufacture and furnish at the...

DAVID H. COCKRILL

ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS,
Charlestown, Jefferson County,
VIRGINIA.

THE HARDWARE DEPARTMENT,

Iron, Steel, Horse Saw, Mach. Shears, Horse Nails,
and Blacksmith's Supplies and Tools, such...

BLACKSMITHING & WAGON-MAKING,

THE undersigned having formed a
partnership, in the above busi-

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER,

WILL take contracts for BUILDINGS OF ALL
KINDS, and will furnish all necessary material...

GREAT EXCITEMENT AT

HAVING just returned from the Eastern market
with a new and complete stock of MERCHANDISE.

THE "CLIPPER"

They are made of the best material and put up
by good workmen, and warranted every respect.

SHEPHERDSTOWN TRADE.

NEW GOODS AT THE LADIES STORE,

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

DRESS GOODS.

WE have just returned from the Philadelphia
and Baltimore markets with a large and well...

DOMESTIC GOODS.

Calico, a very large and complete stock of Gingham,
4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 8-4, 10-4, 12-4, 14-4, 16-4, 18-4, 20-4, 22-4, 24-4, 26-4, 28-4, 30-4, 32-4, 34-4, 36-4, 38-4, 40-4, 42-4, 44-4, 46-4, 48-4, 50-4, 52-4, 54-4, 56-4, 58-4, 60-4, 62-4, 64-4, 66-4, 68-4, 70-4, 72-4, 74-4, 76-4, 78-4, 80-4, 82-4, 84-4, 86-4, 88-4, 90-4, 92-4, 94-4, 96-4, 98-4, 100-4.

THE VALLEY CHIEF,

Reaper & Mower.
I offer to the Farmers of Berkeley and Jefferson
counties, with the GUARANTEE that it...

OAK HALL

All Alive with a Fresh Stock of Made Up
Clothing, for Spring and Summer
wear, for Men and Boys.

Lumber, Lumber!

THE undersigned is now receiving another lot of
choice LUMBER of every description. He will...

THE WILCOX & GIBBS'

SEWING MACHINE.
We claim for the WILCOX & GIBBS' of the
"Twisted Lock" make, made with one thread...

GENERAL AGENCY OFFICE.

The undersigned will give prompt attention to
Granting Policies for Life Insurance, Insur-

TO TRAVELLERS.

WINCHESTER AND POTOMAC R. R.

TIME TABLE.

TRAIN GOING WEST.
Leave Harper's Ferry at 7:00 A.M. and 1:30 P.M.
Leave Shepherdsburg at 7:45 A.M. and 1:30 P.M.

WINCHESTER ACCOMMODATION.

Leave Winchester at 10:15 A.M. and 3:30 P.M.
Leave Shepherdsburg at 10:30 A.M. and 3:45 P.M.

COMPETITION DEFIED

J. GOLDSMITH'S CHEAP STORE.
I have just finished receiving my supply of
Spring and Summer Dry Goods, Notions, Cloths,

PREPARE FOR WINTER.

WE have the most extensive and complete stock
of winter goods in this market. Our...

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have entered into a Co-Partnership
under the firm of STARRY & LOCK, for the...

AVIS' LIQUOR STORE.

THE BAR of this establishment is kept constantly
supplied with the PUREST LIQUORS to be had...

POSITIVE NOTICE.

HAVING made up our Accounts in January 1889,
we earnestly request all parties indebted...